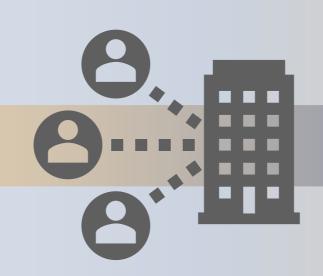
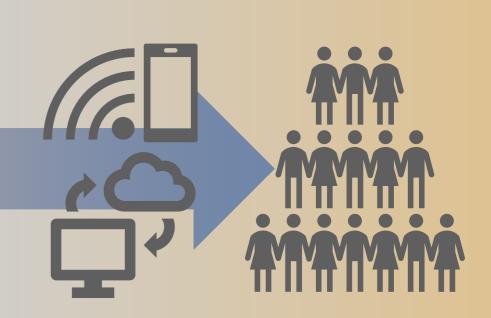
# Assessing the maturity of selected Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) in online service delivery by applying Local Online Service Index (LOSI) methodology in India









In collaboration with:



Department of Economic and Social Affairs



- 1 Local Governance in India
- 2 Local Online Service Index (LOSI) Assessment
- 3 LOSI Results & Analysis
- 4 Inferences from analysis
- 5 Conclusion & Challenges faced

# LOCAL GOVERNANCE IN INDIA

#### LOCAL GOVERNANCE IN INDIA

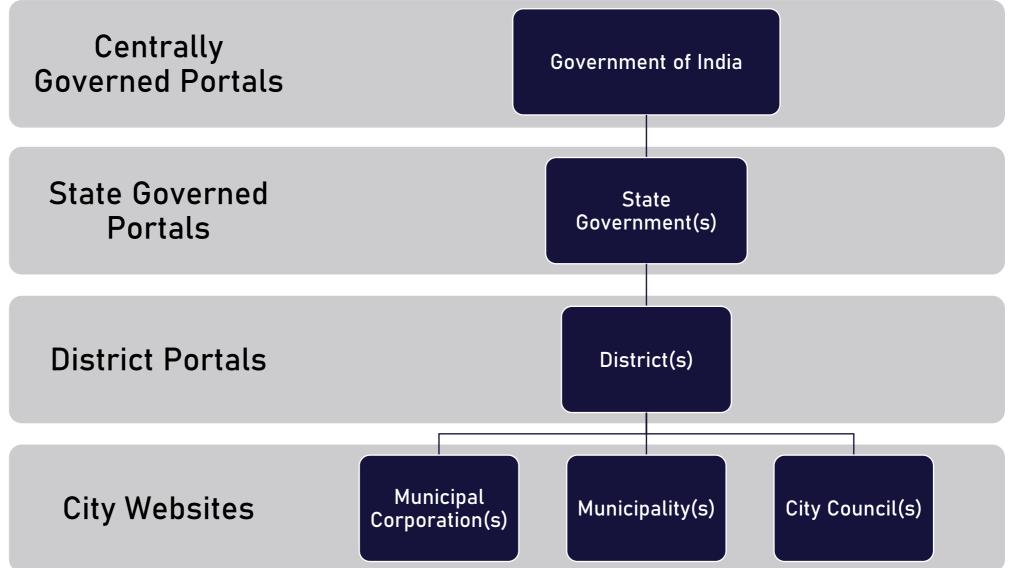
#### ADMINISTRATIVE PORTALS AT DIFFERENT TIER OF ADMINISTRATION











#### **NEED FOR ASSESSMENT**

• In India, the country has been assessed on its e-Government development, states have been assessed for their online service delivery, but the assessment of the online service index of the Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) is yet to be done. LOSI helps to do so.



### LOSI ASSESSMENT

#### LOCAL ONLINE SERVICE INDEX (LOSI) METHODOLOGY

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

What is the current level of maturity of Indian cities' Municipal Governance Portals (MGPs) in terms of institutional framework, technology, provision of service and information, and features for local participation?

#### ASSESSMENT PROCESS



#### Pre- Assessment

- Selection of ULBs and their portals for assessment
- Confirming the portal to be the main mode of delivery of online services to citizens of that ULB



#### Understanding the Questionnaire

- Understanding the LOSI parameters
- Reading individual questions and how to answer them
- · Understanding the marking method
- Deciding methods for providing evidence for each question



#### Filling up the answers

- Providing answers as (YES/NO) for the parameter to be available on MGPs
- Providing evidence for each parameter



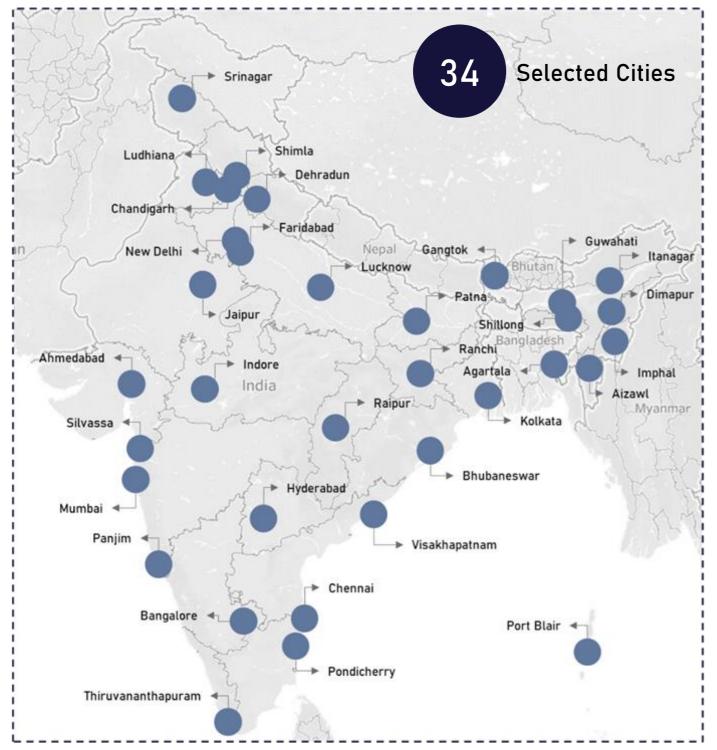
#### **Checking & Results**

- Re-checking of all the answers provided
- Deriving results by % value method for each of the components and total result for each ULB



#### SITE SELECTION

#### SELECTION OF ULBs FOR ASSESSMENT



#### **Selection Criteria**

- City with the most population in every state and UTs
- 27 States & 9 Union Territories

#### Types of Municipal Governance Portals (MGPs)

- Cities have different types of MGPs, hosted on national, state or private data centers
- MGPs are developed by state government agencies or private companies
- 2 cities do not have MGPs Leh and Andrott

#### Population Affected

 Total population catered by all these portals is around 17.5% of total urban population of India

Population Asse	essed Urb Ind	Urban Population of India (2011 Census)	
6,59,82	2,925	37,71,00,000	

#### Diversity of the Study

 Different zones of the country, multiple official languages, range of population and cities identified to become smart cities



Source: Primary, Potential cities list

#### LOCAL ONLINE SERVICE INDEX (LOSI)

MARKING SCHEME - LOSI 2022

Percentage Value (%)

Scoring Method

Questions

Content

Total 87 indicators

Partici

Answering Method

Binary Response

Scoring Method

Scoring Method

87 parameters divided into 5 Components

Content Provision 25

Participation & Engagement 17

Institutional Framework 9

Service Provision 18

Technical Technology

Value 1

If the indicator is found in a ULB's website

Value 0

If the indicator is missing from the website

Maturity Level	Range of score	Color
Very High	0.75 to 1.00	NA
High	0.50 to 0.75	
Middle	0.25 to 0.50	
Low	0.00 to 0.25	

• The total number of points scored by each city (a.k.a. "raw score") is divided by the maximum score of 87 to derive the LOSI value for a given city in the range of 0 to 1.

18

#### Note:

• There were some cases where the city portal did not provide certain services since they were provided on the national portal. In such cases, the city portals scored a point only if they provided a link to the national portal.



#### UNDERSTANDING THE QUESTIONNAIRE

#### TYPES OF QUESTIONS

#### RELEVANCE TO INDIAN CONTEXT

**TEC** 

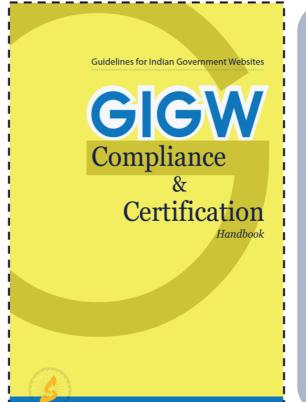
Compliance of Municipal Governance Portal (MGP) with World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) standards

TEC

Availability of helpdesk on MGP to assist citizens in availing of online services

**EP** 

Community participation and awareness



- Guidelines for Indian Government Websites (GIGW) suggests adhering to W3C standards
- Sustainable User-Centric Governance through Accessible and Managed websites. (SUGAM Web) has been developed to increase adherence with GIGW and rank of India in UN E-Gov Assessment
- Membership & participation in global consortia like W3C, and emulation of global standards like WCAG to adopt & align with the best in global standards

IF.

Open Data Policy, Privacy Policy

EP

Availability of Open Data on MGP



- One of the goals for Smart Cities Mission in India is to provide Open Data to citizens
- On smart city context, open data initiative seek to promote better city governance, enhance transparency, analysis, planning, and reinforce citizen engagement and participation



Source: Master Sheet, GIGW Handbook, Open Data Platform, data.gov.in

## LOSI RESULTS

#### **DATAPOINTS**

City Demographics

- Population
- State
- Zone
- Smart city
- Budget allocation

City wise score

 City wise compiled LOSI score of all 87 parameters

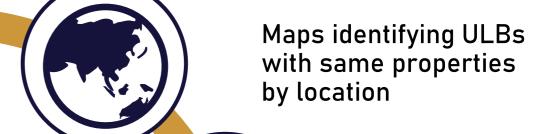
Category wise score

 City wise LOSI score divided into 5 categories of parameters

Parameter wise score

 Individual score for all 87 parameters

#### **VISUALIZATION & ANALYSIS**





Bar charts for comparison of scores





Box plot to identify data dispersion and positive or negative outliers

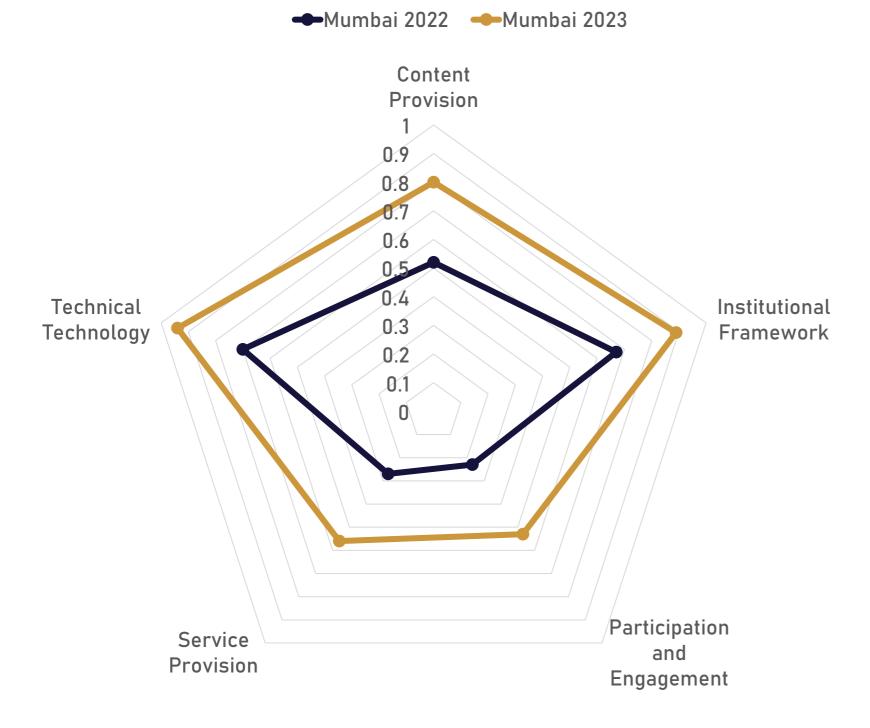




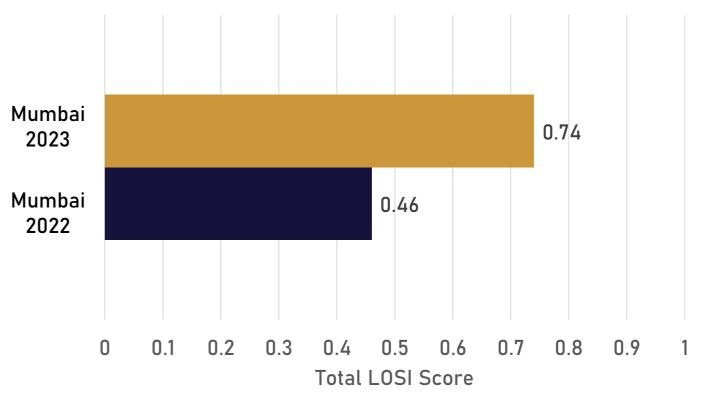
Source: Primary

#### PUBLISHED LOSI OUTPUT .....

#### **CURRENT & PREVIOUS RESULTS OF LOSI ASSESSMENT OF MUMBAI**



 The 2022 LOSI is the first to the most populous city in each of the 193 Member States.

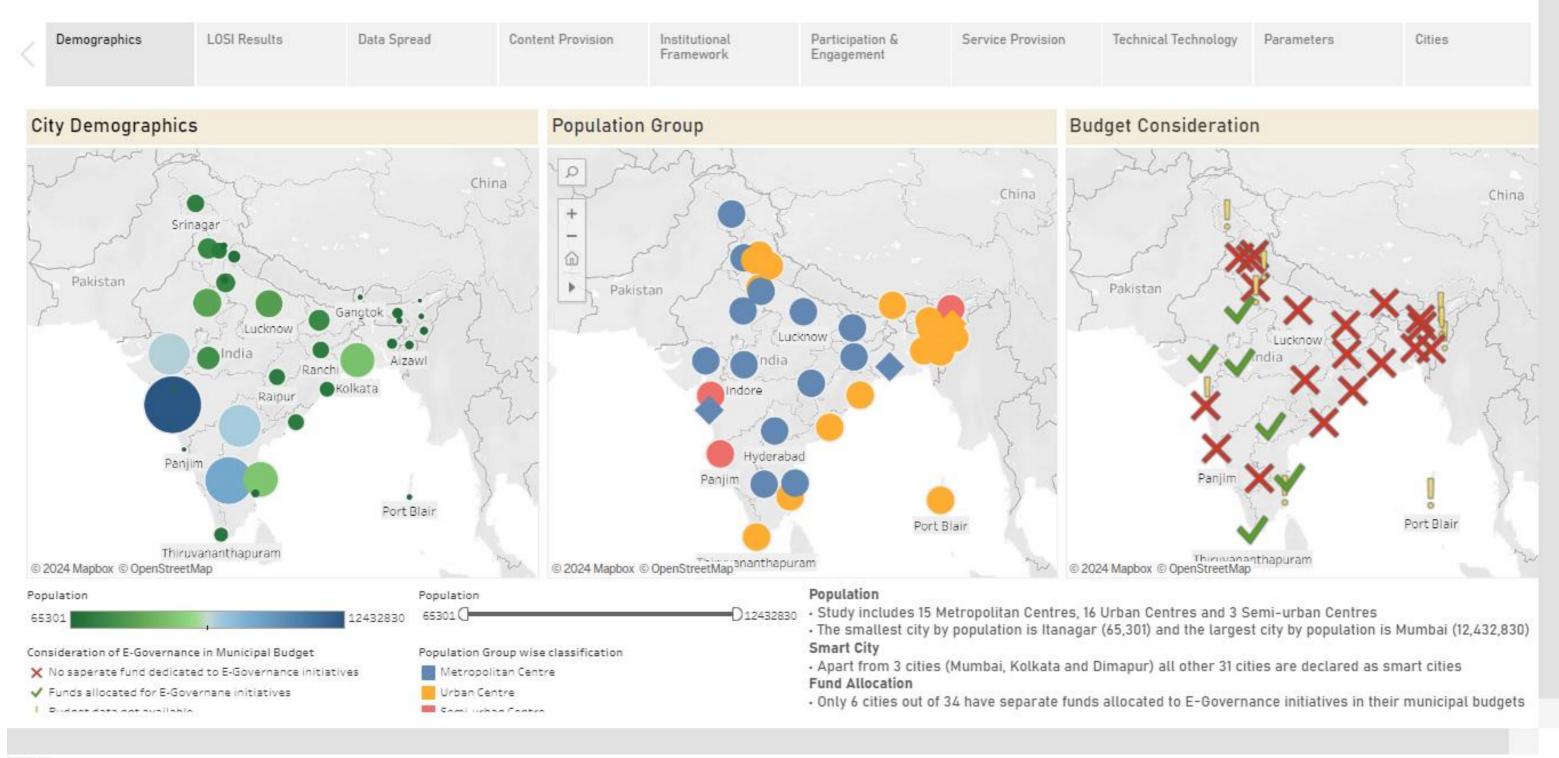


- As published on the official website of UN E-Government Knowledgebase, Mumbai scored 0.46 in LOSI assessment, which is ahead than world and region average
- As per the assessment conducted, Mumbai now holds
   0.74 score in the LOSI assessment



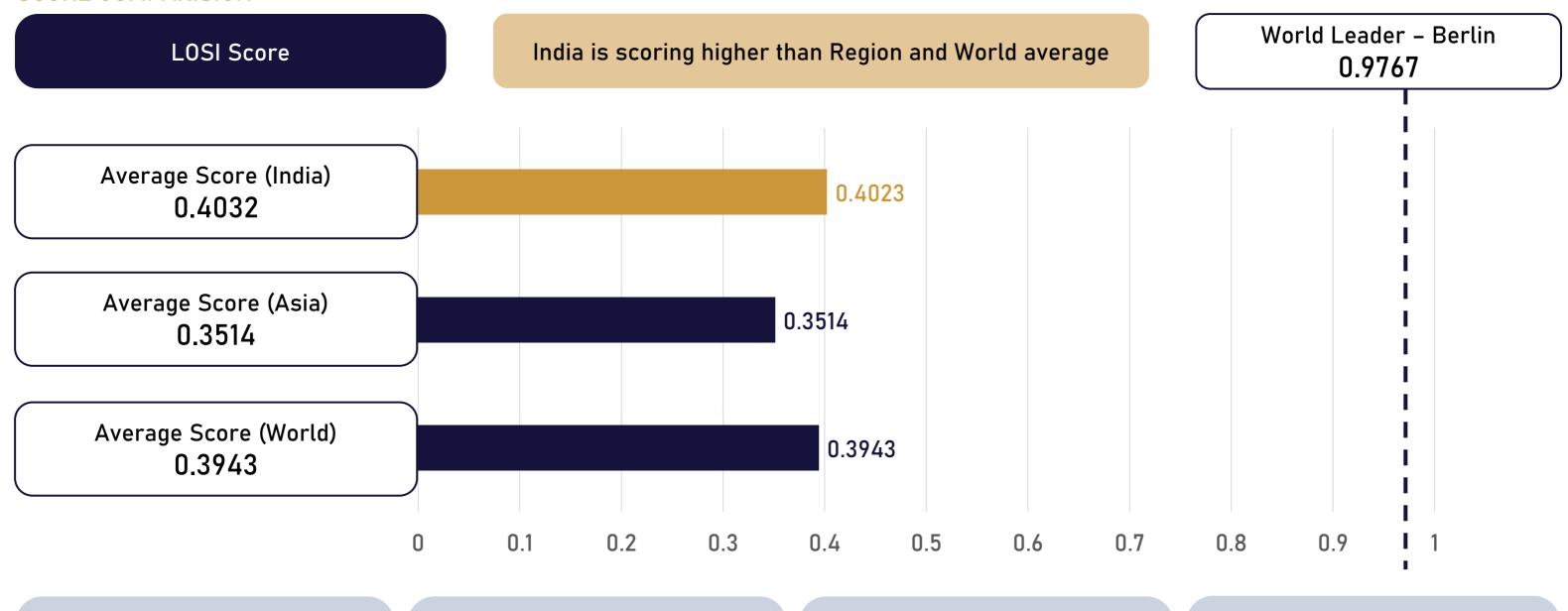
Source: <u>UN E-Government Knowledgebase</u>

### DATABASE VISUALISATION



Source: Primary, <u>Tableau Viz</u>

#### **SCORE COMPARISION**



All the cities with separate fund allocated to E-Governance in municipal budget are in High or Middle categories

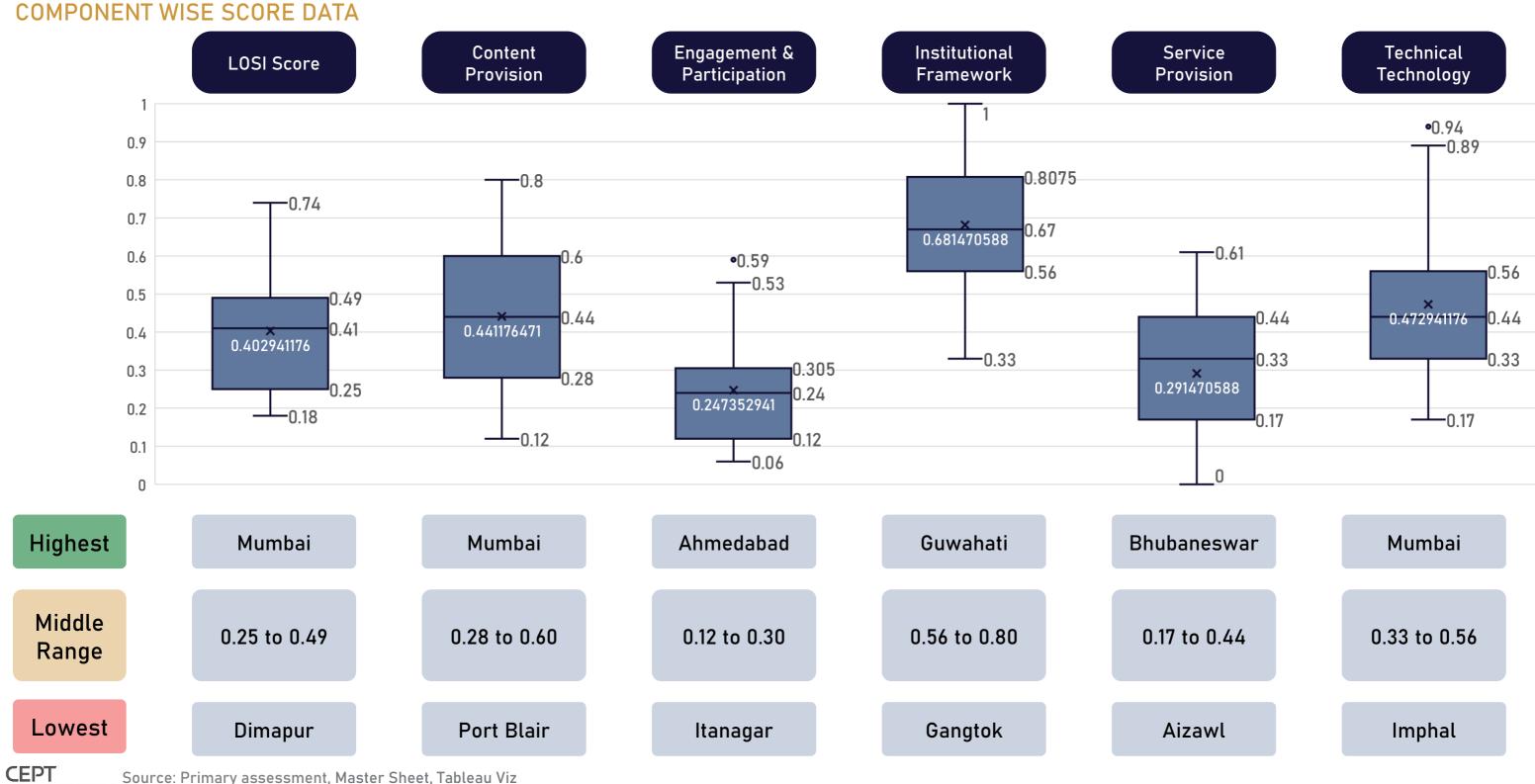
Apart from Lucknow, all the metropolitan centers have scored in High or Middle category

Being a smart city does not affect on LOSI score of the ULB

ULBs in North-Eastern zone have the lowest average score

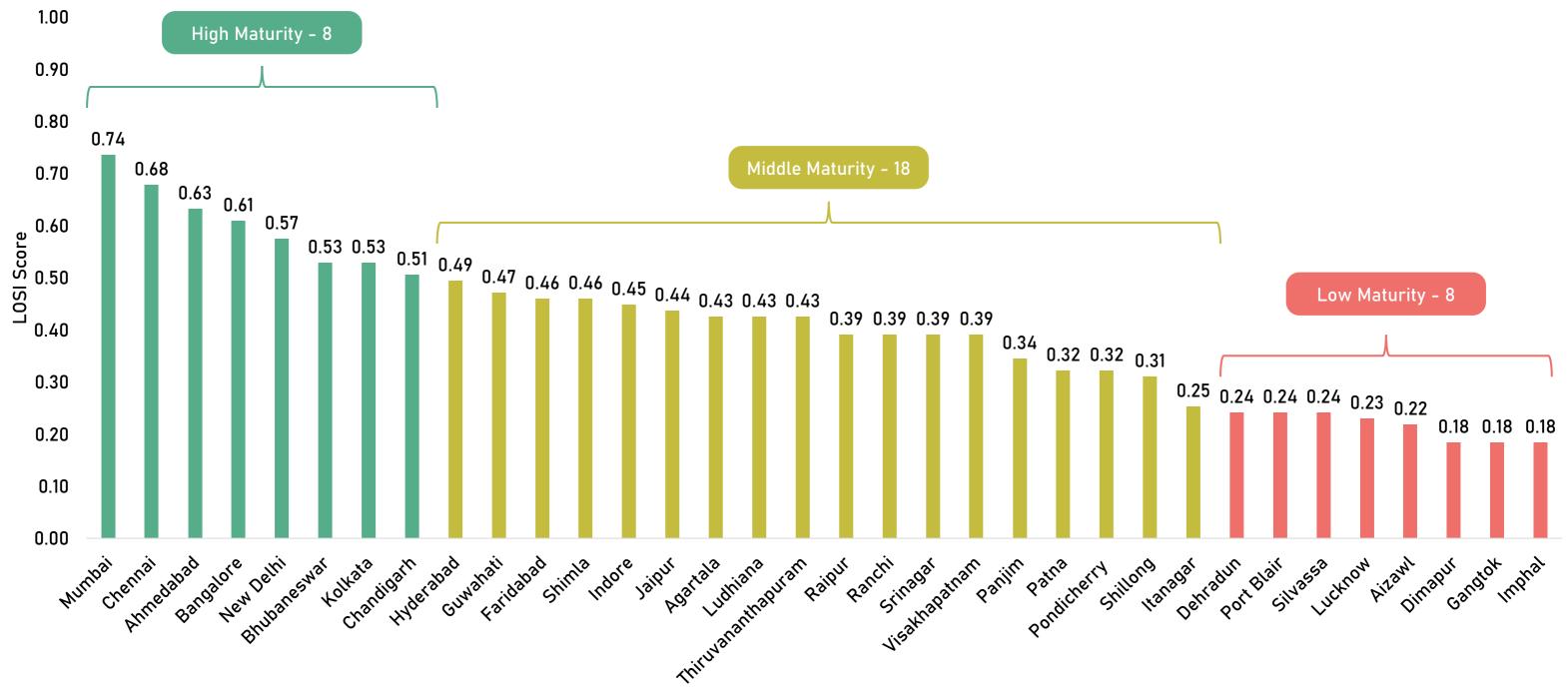


Source: Primary assessment, <u>Tableau Viz</u>, <u>UN E-Government Knowledgebase</u>



Source: Primary assessment, <u>Master Sheet</u>, <u>Tableau Viz</u>

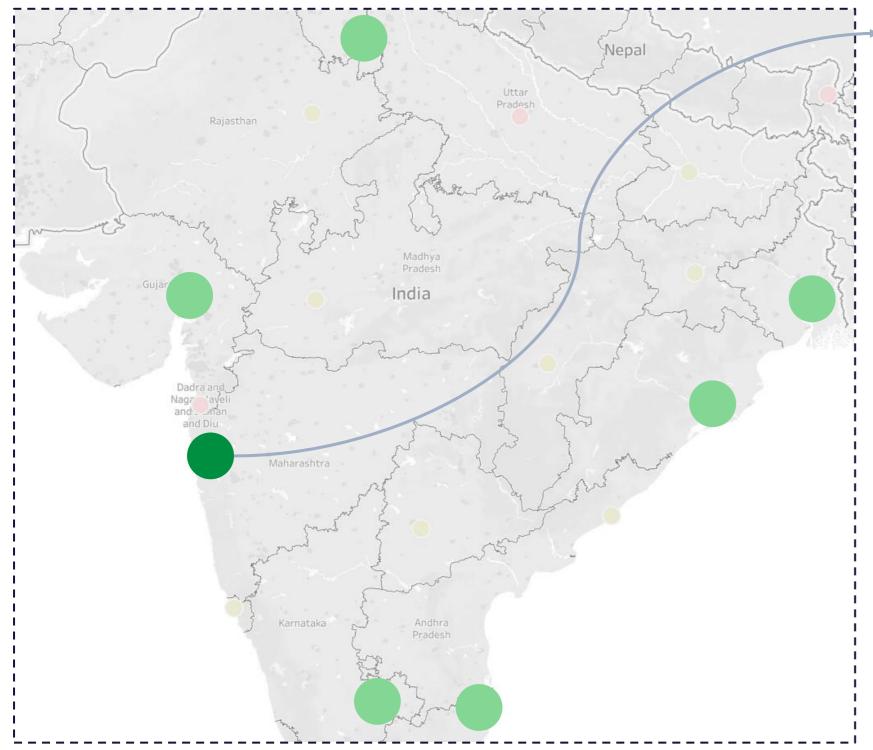
#### **CITY WISE SCORE DATA**







Source: Primary assessment, <u>Master Sheet</u>, <u>Tableau Viz</u>



#### Mumbai

0.74

- Highest scoring ULB in India
- Leader in Content Provision with 80% of the parameters achieved
- Leader in Technical Technology with 94% of the parameters achieved
- Only city with published outcomes of e-participation activities on MGP
- Only city with information about participatory budgeting published on MGP

#### BRIHANMUMBAI MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

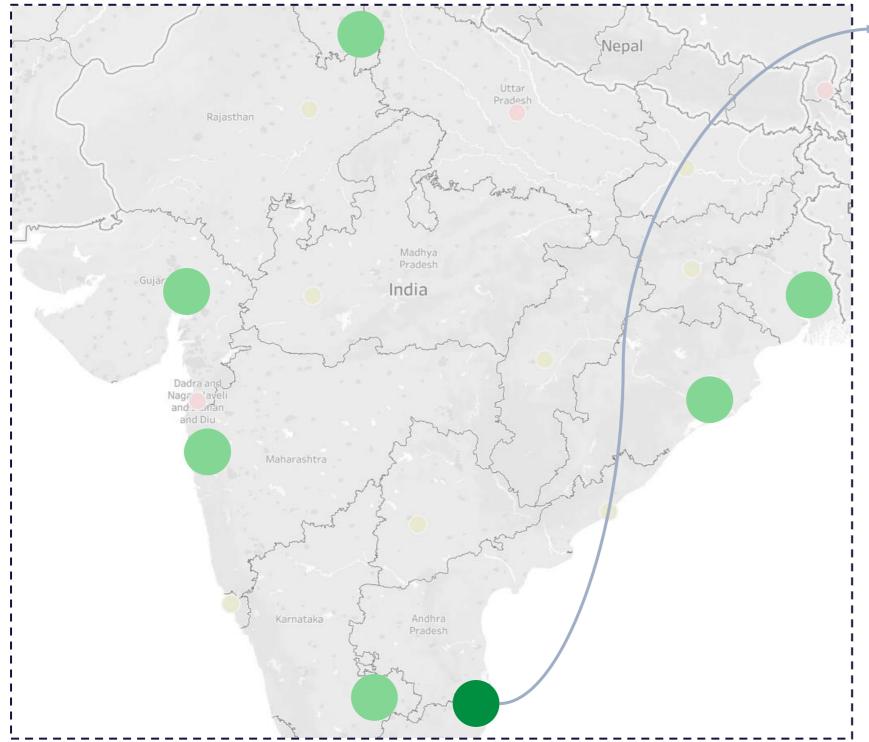
#### Public Appeal

Citizens of Mumbai are hereby informed that, the process of preparation of Budget Estimates for the financial year 2023-24 for Income & Expenditure of Brihanmumbai Municipal Corporation is underway. The Budget Estimates will be presented before 5<sup>th</sup> February, 2023.

In view of public participation, citizens of Mumbai are appealed that if citizens wish to make suggestions regarding budget, they may send the suggestions before 28<sup>th</sup> January, 2023 on following e-mail ID.

E-mail ID - bmcbudget.suggestion@mcgm.gov.in

CEPT
UNITERSITY



#### Chennai

0.68

- Highest scoring ULB in Southern zone
- Second in Content Provision adhering to 76% of parameters
- Second in Technical Technology adhering to 89% of parameters
- One of the 6 cities with separate fund allocated to egovernance initiatives in its municipal budget
- One of the 2 cities with provision of information about justice matters on MGP
- Only city to have Blockchain policy published on MGP



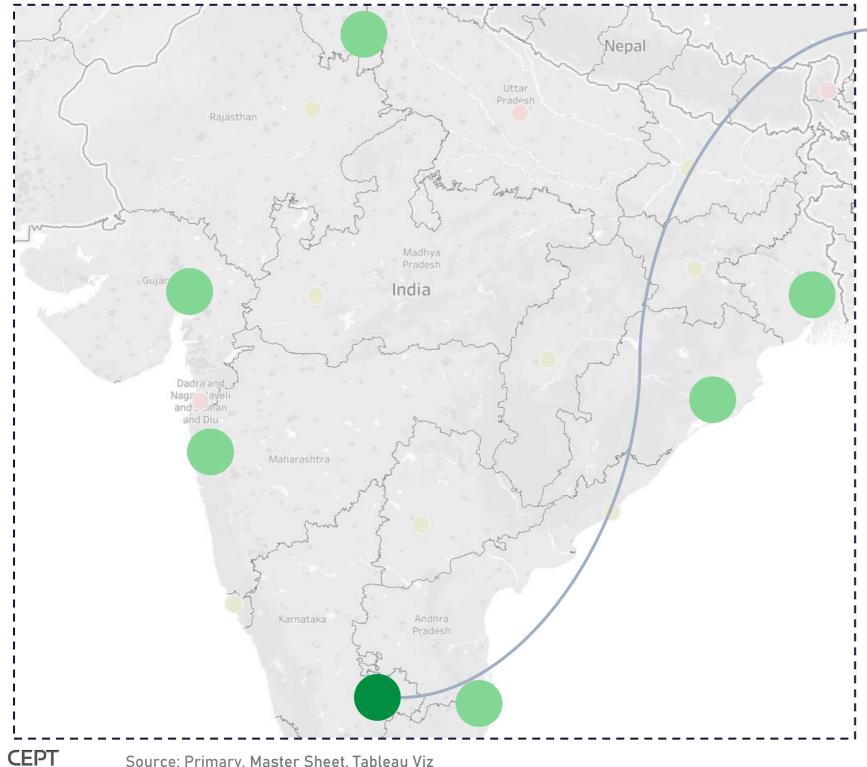
**GOVERNMENT OF TAMILNADU** 

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT

**Tamil Nadu Blockchain Policy 2020** 

CEPT UNIVERSITY

#### **GOOD PRACTICES**

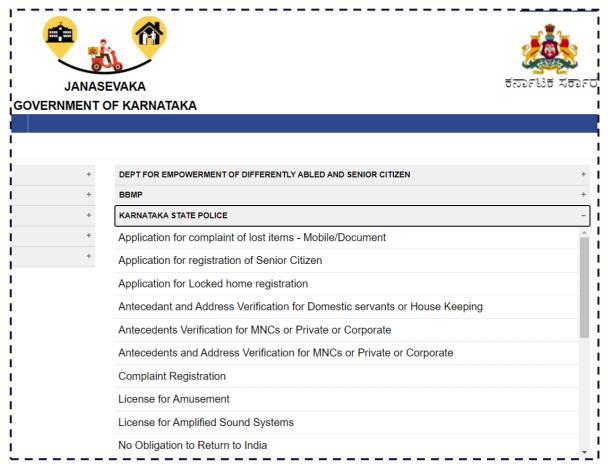


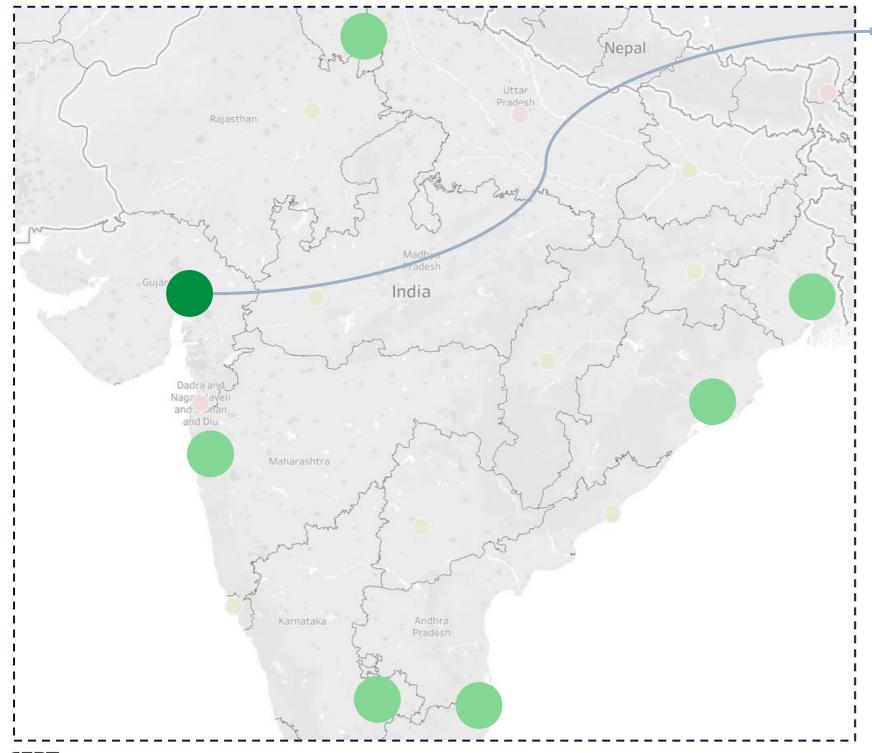
#### Bangalore

One of the 2 ULBs complying with markup validity standards by W3C

0.63

- Second in Institutional Framework with 89% of the parameters achieved
- One of the 3 ULBs where citizens can make declarations to police online

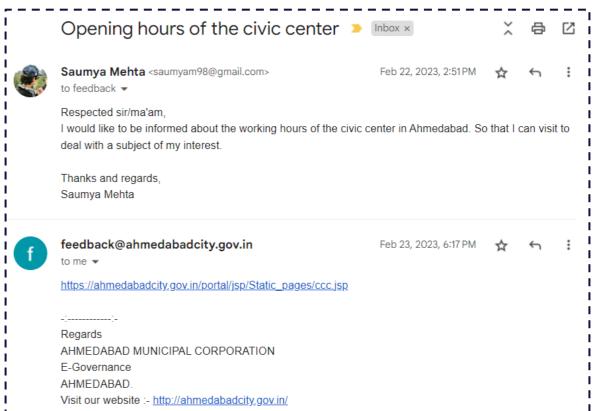




#### Ahmedabad

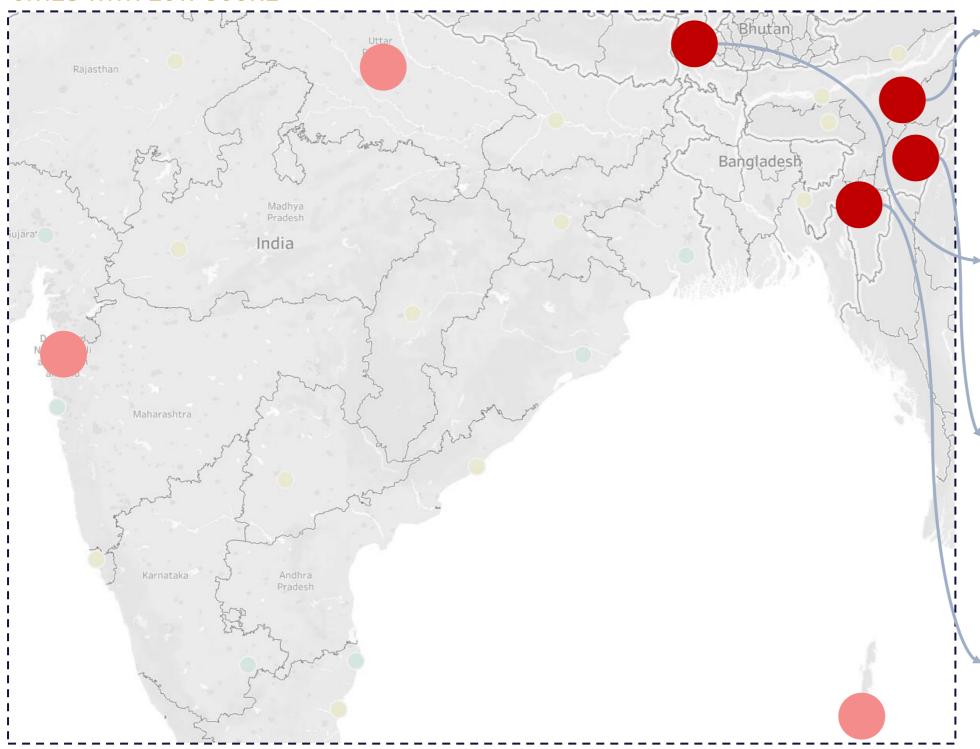
0.63

- Highest scoring city in Engagement and Participation category with 59% of the parameters achieved
- One of the 6 cities with separate fund allocated to egovernance initiatives in its municipal budget
- Second in Content Provision category with 76% of parameters achieved
- One of the 2 cities with active e-mail ID for any citizen to inquire about information



**CEPT** 

#### CITIES WITH LOW SCORE



Dimapur

0.18

- Lowest scoring ULB in North-Eastern zone
- One of the 3 non-smart city in the assessment list
- Scored 0 in Service Provision

Gangtok

0.18

• Least scoring city in Institutional Framework category with only 33% adherence to parameters

**Imphal** 

0.18

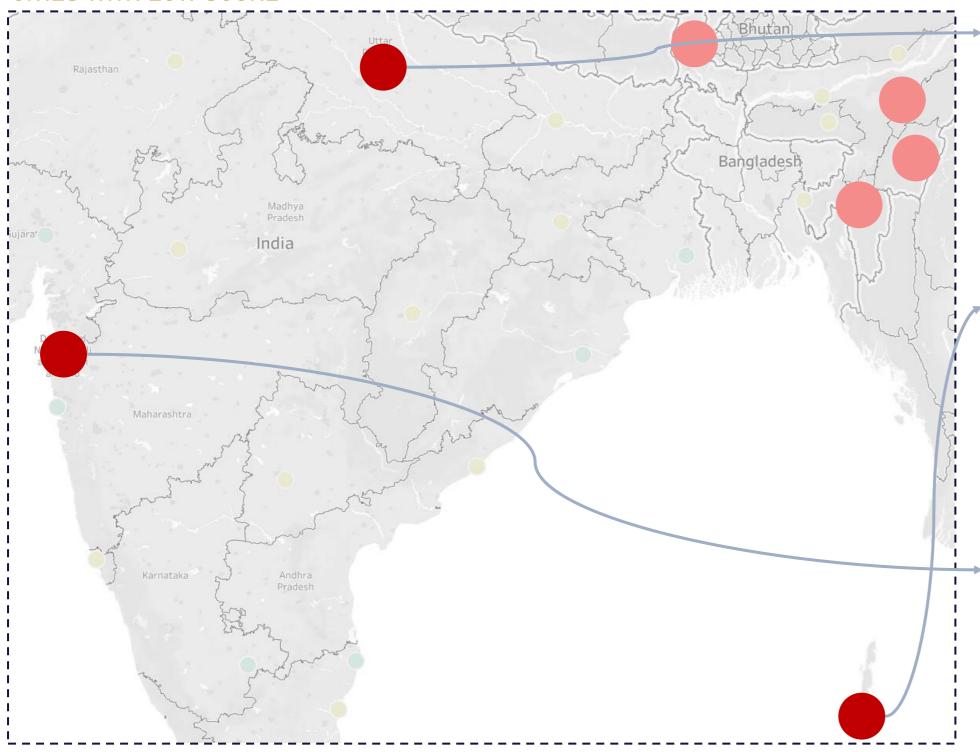
- Least scoring city in Technical Technology category with only 17% adherence to parameters
- Least scoring city in Institutional Framework category with only 33% adherence to parameters

0.22

Aizawl

Scored 0 in Service Provision

#### CITIES WITH LOW SCORE



Lucknow

0.23

- Lowest scoring ULB in Metropolitan Centre category
- Least scoring city in Institutional Framework category with only 33% adherence to parameters

Port Blair

0.24

- Least scoring ULB under Union Territory
- Lowest scoring ULB in Southern zone
- Least scoring city in Content Provision category with only 12% adherence to parameters

Silvassa

0.24

- Least scoring ULB under Union Territory
- Lowest scoring ULB in Western zone
- Least scoring city in Technical Technology category with only 17% adherence to parameters



# CONCLUSION

#### Multiple Modes of Service Delivery

- Multiple portals for a city to access citizen services –
- Out of the total of 87 parameters, 3 parameters were available on District Portals, 1 was related to parastatals, services assessed by 7 parameters were delivered by State portals and 4 by national portals

City Website

District Portals Smart City Portals State Portals Centrally Governed Portals

#### Relevance to Indian Context

- As Indian jurisdiction system is centrally governed with designated functions to be performed by Urban Local Bodies at a city level
- This makes it important for the index to consider all available modes of service delivery in cities of India

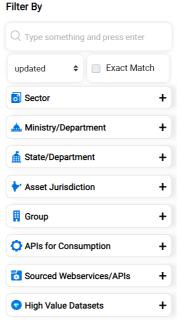


#### CONCLUSION

#### CENTRALLLY GOVERNED SERVICE PORTALS

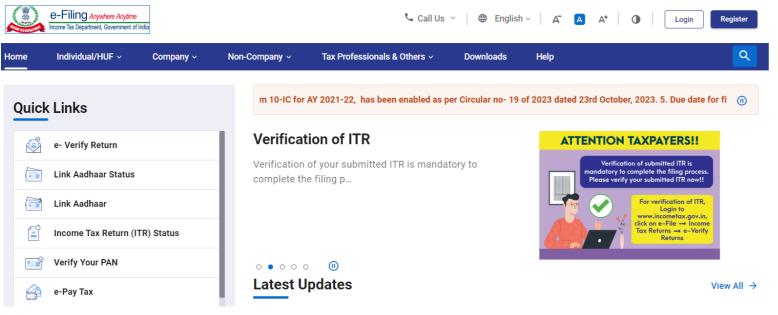
#### Open Data

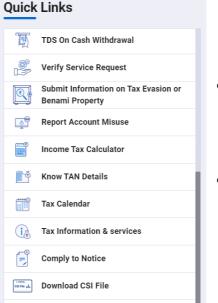




- Centrally governed open data portal with state wise and sector wise data sets is available in India
- As the responsibility lies with Smart City and there is already separate portal available, cities do not have open data available on their MGPs
- Open government data policy is also available at central level, launched in 2012 and applicable since then

#### Income Tax





- Centrally governed e-Filing system portal for both citizen and business entity
- Provision of relevant information, online forms, verification of documents and disclosures



Source: Primary, Parameter Analysis, Open Data Portal, e-Filling Portal

#### RALLLY GOVERNED SERVICE PORTALS

#### **Driving License**

#### License Related Services

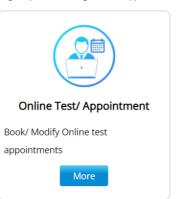
Various services related to new/old driving licence or learner's licence like Appointment Booking, Duplicate driving licence, Application Status, Online test for learner's licence, etc.

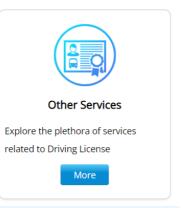
Vehicle Related Services

Various services related to registration of vehicle/already registered vehicle like Appointment Booking, Application Status, Duplicate Registration, Change of Address, Transfer of









#### Andaman and Nicobar Andhra Pradesh Arunachal Pradesh Assam

---Select State Name--

Bihar Chandigarh

Chhattisgarh Delhi

Goa Gujarat

Haryana

Himachal Pradesh Jammu and Kashmir

Jharkhand Karnataka

Kerala

---Select State Name---

- Centrally governed state wise license and vehicle related service portal called parivahan
- License issuance, renewal, fees payment, forms, online test, etc. license related services are provided
- Vehicle registration, number allocation, permit, etc. vehicle related services are provided

#### **Residency Permit**



Ownership, Hypothecation, etc.



#### e-FRRO Online portal



#### Salient Features

- Services from comfort of your home
- No need to visit FRRO/FRO office.
- Online Payment.
- Convenient and Time Saving.
- Exclusive Dashboard for User friendly experience.

- Online FRRO Service delivery mechanism without requirement of visiting FRRO/FRO office. No requirement of taking appointment and visiting FRRO/FRO office unless specifically called upon by the FRRO/FRO.
- O Web based application aimed to build centralized online platform for foreigners for visa related services. Its key objective is to provide Faceless, Cashless and Paperless services to the foreigners with user friendly experience.
- O Using this application, foriegners are required to create their own USER-ID by registering themselves. Afterwards, they would apply online through registered user-id for various Visa and Immigration related services in India viz. Registration, Visa Extension, Visa Conversion, Exit Permit etc, without any hassle and obtain

- e-FRRO portal allows foreigners to avail registration services without visiting registration office
- The application is aimed to build centralized online platform for foreigners for visa related services.
- Its key objective is to provide Faceless, Cashless and Paperless services to the foreigners without requirement of visiting FRRO/FRO office.



Source: Primary, Parameter Analysis, Parivahan Portal,

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

#### POSSIBLE IMPACT

Content Provision

- Information about infrastructure facilities provided by municipality on MGP
- Provision of information about functions that do not fall under Municipality's purview. E.g., Transport, traffic, justice, disaster, etc.

 Citizen awareness about works of municipality

Institutional Framework

- Online publication of city open government data policy
- · Municipality should publish their e-governance strategy online on their MGP

- Increase in transparency
- · Increase in Innovation and economic value

Participation & Engagement

- Use of participatory decision making and tools (forms, polls, etc.)
- Publication of data related to municipal works and surveys in open data format on MGP with relevant metadata

- Better understanding of citizen needs
- Public service improvement

Service Provision

Compilation of all the service portals as hyperlinks on a webpage on city MGP

Single stop public service delivery to citizens

Technical **Technology** 

 Adherence to World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) standards for markup validity. style sheet and Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG2.0)

Prevention of errors and improved accessibility



Source: Primary assessment, Master Sheet, Tableau Viz

#### RECOMMENDATIONS FOR QUESTIONNAIRE



#### **Service Provision**

- Payment of Property tax / House tax
  - o Property tax is the most essential service in India for all the ULBs as property tax revenue is their major source of income
- Property mutation services
  - o Property mutation is an important service to keep track of levied tax for all the properties in coming under city administration



#### Institutional Framework

- Availability of Copyright and Hyperlinking policy
  - Copyright and Hyperlinking policies are important to declare data ownership



#### **Content Provision**

- Maps related to services derived from GIS mapping of the city
  - o As smart cities are mapping their services on GIS, citizens should get some information out of it



ONGOING ASSESSMENT



The LOSI methodology has been continuously refined year by year to cater to dynamism of continuously evolving governments and inputs from pilot studies

2018

40 cities

5 components

60 parameters



2024

193 cities

6 components

95 parameters

LOSI 2024



### **Channel Independent Questions**

Which assesses availability of city information / services across various portals or channels; including National, State and Local platforms



### MGP Specific Questions

Which assesses availability of city information / services particularly on city MGP or linked websites on the portal

Source: LOSI Gujarat 2024 by Dr. Gayatri Doctor and Devanshi Shah



### THANK YOU

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