Data Inventory for Selected Institutions

Data Inventory Report Findings 4th February 2025



Topics Covered

- Introduction
- Methodology
- Inventory of Data Findings
- Detailed Data Analysis
- Recommendations
- Conclusion



• **Background**: The Data Inventory for Selected Institutions is a World Bank funded consultancy under the Public Administration Modernization Project (PAMP). The phase I assignment is limited to 3 key ministries; MoBSE, MoH and MoHERST.

• Objectives:

- Inventory and Assess data assets.
- 0 Develop a Data Governance Framework.
- Recommend Civic Technology Tools.
- 0 Skills Transfer.
- Scope: Focuses on three ministries, covers various data types, employs mixed-methods data collection, and assesses data storage, security, and public access practices.

Methodology

• **Definition of a Dataset:** Primary data collected or housed at the ministry, in a raw unprocessed form.

• Stakeholder Engagement:

- Introductory workshop to update and gather feedback from stakeholders.
- Initial consultations to gather preliminary insights.
- Skills transfer involving ministry staff in the data inventory process.
- Data Collection Methods:
 - Key Informant Interviews (KII) with 34 key personnel.
 - Structured surveys to inventory 46 unique datasets and 11 systems.

Methodology

• Data Analysis Approach:

• Data validation and categorization.

• Descriptive analysis and gap/redundancy analysis.

• Challenges:

- 0 Time constraints due to holidays (e.g. 2 Eids and May-day).
- Difficulty in scheduling interviews with ministry staff.
- 0 Limited effectiveness of support letters.
- 0 Time constraints affecting data quality assessment.

Data Inventory Findings

• Inventory Process:

• Three stages: introductory meetings, KIIs, and structured interviews.

• Final tally: 46 datasets and 11 systems confirmed after validation.

• Data Quality Assessments:

• Data verified for existence but not thoroughly tested for error rates and completeness due to time constraints.

- Administrative data generally up-to-date but issues at the individual level.
- Lack of standardized data formats and consistency checks.

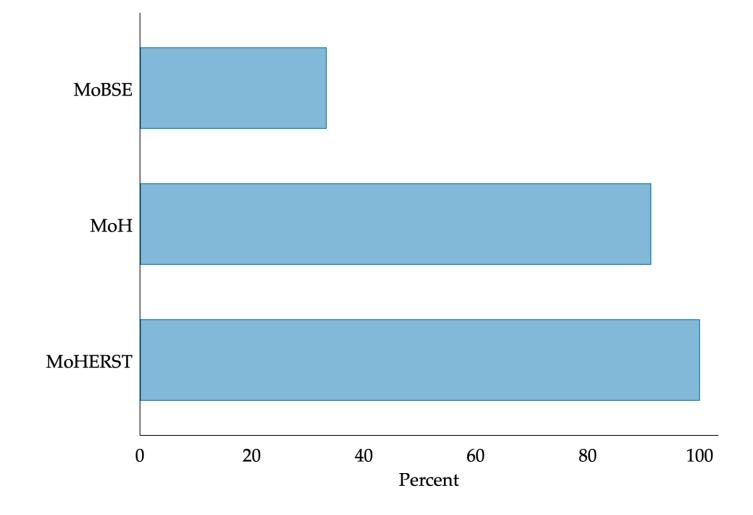
Data Inventory Findings

- Data Gaps and Redundancies:
 - Significant gaps in individual tracking across systems.
 - 0 Minimal redundancies due to centralized data management and financial constraints.

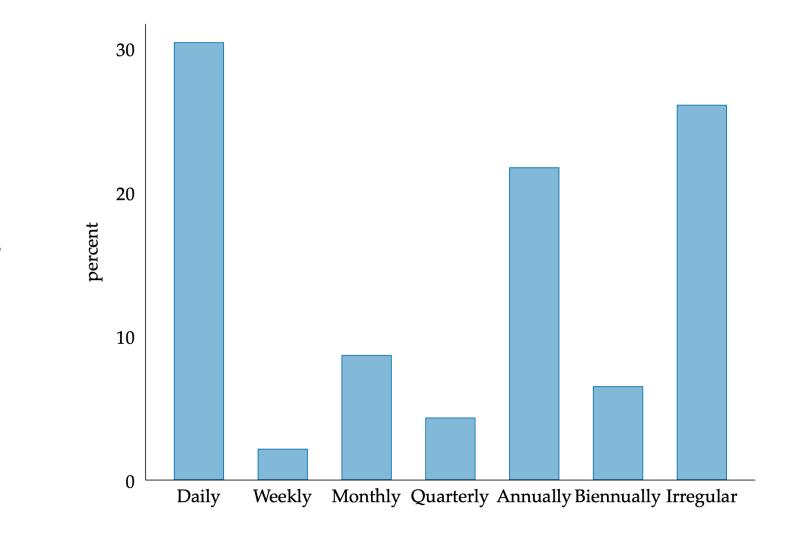
Detailed Data Analysis (Systems Summary)

Questions	Value
Who built the system?	
In House	1
Local Partner	1
International Partner	9
Maintenance and support contract?	55%
System documented?	100%
System open source?	64%
System API enabled?	91%
Integrated with any existing system?	55%

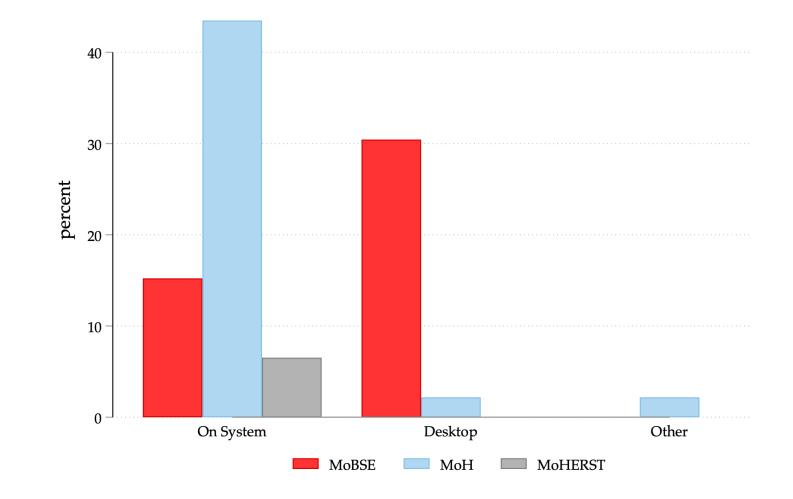
Detailed Data Analysis: Data in Systems



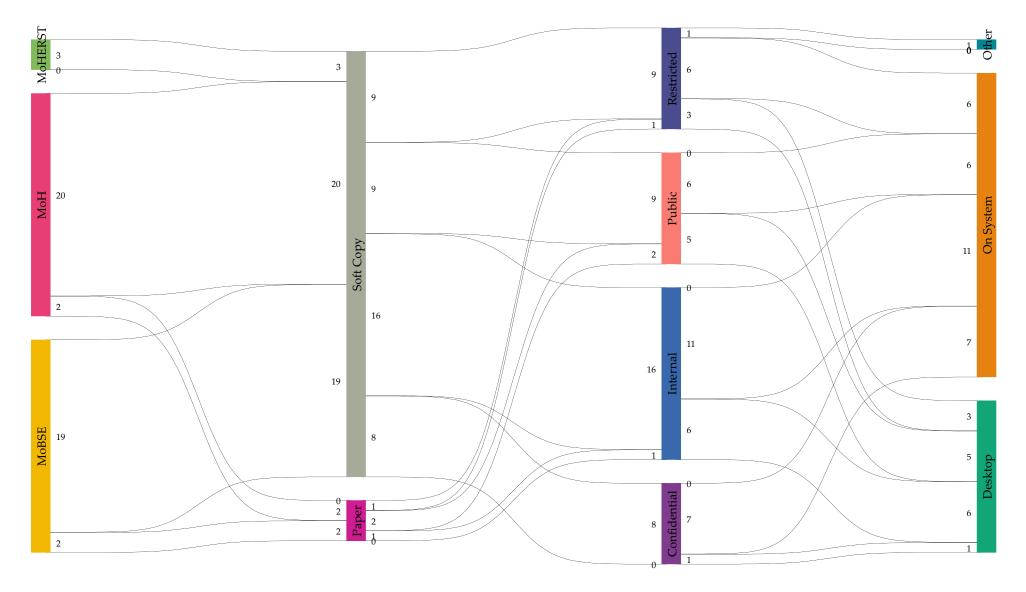
DDA: Frequency of Data Collection



DDA: Location of Data



DDA: Flow of Data Characteristics



Recommendations

- Standardize Data Collection and Documentation:
 - 0 Implement unified tools and comprehensive documentation practices.
 - Provide training on documentation standards.
- Enhance Data Quality Management:
 - Conduct regular audits and establish validation protocols.
 - Monitor key data quality metrics.
- Strengthen Data Security and Privacy:
 - Implement role-based access controls, encryption, and secure backup solutions.
 - Conduct privacy impact assessments for new projects.

Recommendations

- Improve Data Integration and Interoperability:
 - Enable API integration and develop data sharing agreements.
 - 0 Establish a centralized data catalogue.
- Invest in Training and Capacity Building:
 - 0 Develop regular training programs and leverage external expertise.
 - Promote the use of advanced data analysis tools.
- Strengthen Partnerships and Collaboration:
 - 0 Foster internal and external collaborations to support data initiatives.

Conclusion

- Summary of Key Findings:
 - 0 Comprehensive data cataloguing and quality assessment.
 - 0 Identification of significant data gaps and minimal redundancies.
 - 0 Effective stakeholder engagement and skills transfer.
 - Urgent need for improved data governance frameworks and security measures.
- **Recommendations**: Emphasize standardization, data quality, security, integration, training, and collaboration.
- Future Direction: Continued commitment to implementing recommendations to enhance public service efficiency, transparency, and responsiveness.

Data Governance Model



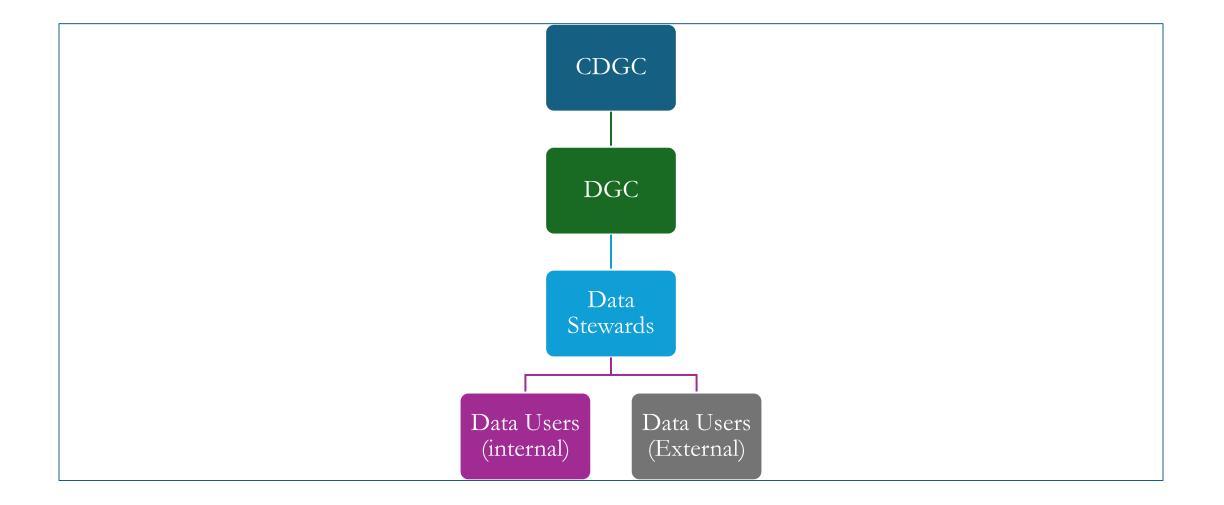
Contents

- Introduction
- Data Governance Structure
- Key Data Policies
- Data Management Processes
- Data Lifecycle Management
- Training, Capacity Building
- Continuous Improvement

Introduction

- **Purpose**: Establish a framework for managing data assets ensuring accuracy, consistency, security, and effective utilization.
- Scope: Covers all data management activities within selected institutions, applying to all types of data and personnel.
- Objectives:
 - Establish clear data ownership and accountability.
 - Ensure data quality and integrity.
 - Enhance data security and privacy.
 - Facilitate data accessibility and usability.
 - Support regulatory compliance.
 - Promote a data-driven culture.

Data Governance Structure



Data Governance Structure

- Central Data Governance Committee:
 - Provides strategic direction and oversight.
 - Sets policies and resolves issues.
 - Fosters a data-driven culture.
- Ministry-Level Data Governance Committee:
 - Oversees implementation and management of policies.
 - Maintains data inventories and enforces data quality.
 - Monitors compliance.

- Data Stewards:
 - Manage specific data domains, ensuring quality, metadata management, access control, and compliance.
- Data Users:
 - Use data in compliance with policies, report issues, and ensure secure handling.

Key Data Policies

• Data Access Policy:

- Controls access based on least privilege.
- Formal request and approval processes.
- Regular access reviews and secure authentication.

• Data Usage Policy:

- Define acceptable use and ensure compliance with ethical standards and legal requirements.
- Data Integrity and Integration Policy:
 - Ensure data validation, consistency, quality management, and standardization.

Key Data Policies

• Data Security and Privacy Policy:

- Protect data confidentiality, integrity, and availability.
- Implement encryption, access controls, and incident response procedures.
- Data Documentation and Metadata Policy:
 - Ensure comprehensive documentation and **Metadata Management**.

Data Management Processes

- Data Collection:
 - Standardize methods, provides training, validate data at entry, and document procedures.
- Data Storage:
 - Utilize centralized storage, backup and recovery plans, access controls, and encryption.
- Data Security:
 - o Implement access controls, encryption, monitoring, and incident response.
- Data Quality Management:
 - Profile and clean data, conduct quality audits, and maintain metadata.

Data Lifecycle Management

• Data Creation:

• Implement standardized entry protocols and validation, generates metadata.

• Data Maintenance:

• Regular updates, cleansing, and quality monitoring.

• Data Archiving:

• Define archiving criteria, ensures secure storage, maintain metadata.

• Data Disposal:

• Establish secure deletion methods and audit trails for disposal activities.

Capacity Building & Continuous Improvement

• Training Programs:

• Comprehensive training on governance, management practices, security, analysis, and system use.

• Capacity Building Initiatives:

• Seek technical assistance, mentorship programs, knowledge sharing, infrastructure investment, and professional development.

• Continuous Improvement:

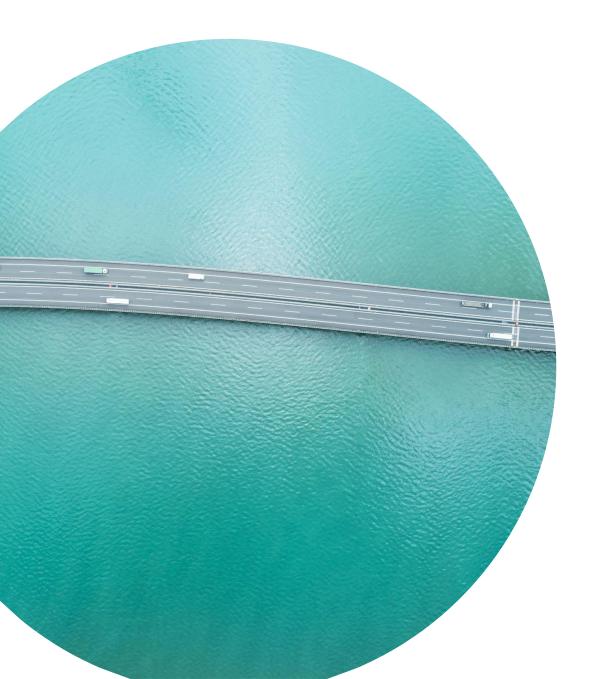
- Regular reviews, stakeholder feedback, performance evaluation, best practices, and innovations.
- Training programs, innovation labs, advisory committees, real-time monitoring, and reporting.

Scaling-up Data Inventory – Phase II

 Ministry of Public Service Administrative Reform & Policy Coordination and Delivery

Data collection done and analyzing the findings

- o Ministry of Fisheries and Water Resources
- o Ministry of Tourism and Culture
- o Ministry of Gender, Children ,and Social Welfare



Thank You