



The Gambia Information and Communication Technology Agency (GICTA)

Data Governance Policies for Innovation and Business Growth

Digital Transformation, Data Governance, and SDGs

Presenter

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Event

Data Governance Workshop (February 4-5, 2025)

Agenda

- Introduction
- Understanding Data Governance
- Policy Frameworks for Data Governance
- Data Quality and Integrity
- Data Security and Privacy
- Data Interoperability and Standards
- Open Data and Economic Growth
- Data Governance for AI and Emerging Technologies
- Data Sovereignty and National Digital Strategies
- Business Benefits of Strong Data Governance
- Case Studies: Successful Data Governance Models
- Challenges and Risks in Data Governance
- Policy Recommendations for The Gambia
- Conclusion & Call to Action

Introduction

Data governance is critical for managing data as a strategic asset

It ensures:



Data
consistency

Accuracy

Security

Usability

Digital transformation relies on structured data governance for automation and AI-driven insights

Aligning policies with the SDGs enhances sustainable development efforts

Understanding Data Governance

Data governance defines roles, policies, standards, and processes for managing data

Key Components

Data ownership

Stewardship

Compliance

Security

Integration

Principles

Data Accuracy

Transparency

Accountability

Ethical Use

Example

A bank ensures compliance with regulations through structured data governance frameworks



GDPR

EU's General Data Protection Regulation, setting a high standard for data privacy and protection



ISO 27001

International standard for information security management systems



Open Data Policies

Promoting access and reuse of government data

Policy Frameworks for Data Governance – Regulatory frameworks relevant to The Gambia



Data Protection and Privacy Policy
and Strategy (2019)



The Gambia Digital Economy Master
Plan (2024-2034)



Government Open Data Strategy
(2024-2027)



Gambia G-Cloud Policy



Access to Information Act
(2021)



Digital ID Transformation Strategy

***Need for harmonization
of local laws with
international standards
for data exchange and
business alignment.***

Data Quality and Integrity

Ensuring data accuracy, completeness, and consistency improves decision-making

Techniques



Data Profiling

Cleaning

Deduplication

Validation

Businesses depend on high-quality data for customer analytics and personalized services

Example



A telecom company ensuring customer records are consistent across billing and CRM systems.

Data Security and Privacy



Protecting sensitive information is crucial for trust and regulatory compliance



Security measures: Encryption, access control, multi-factor authentication



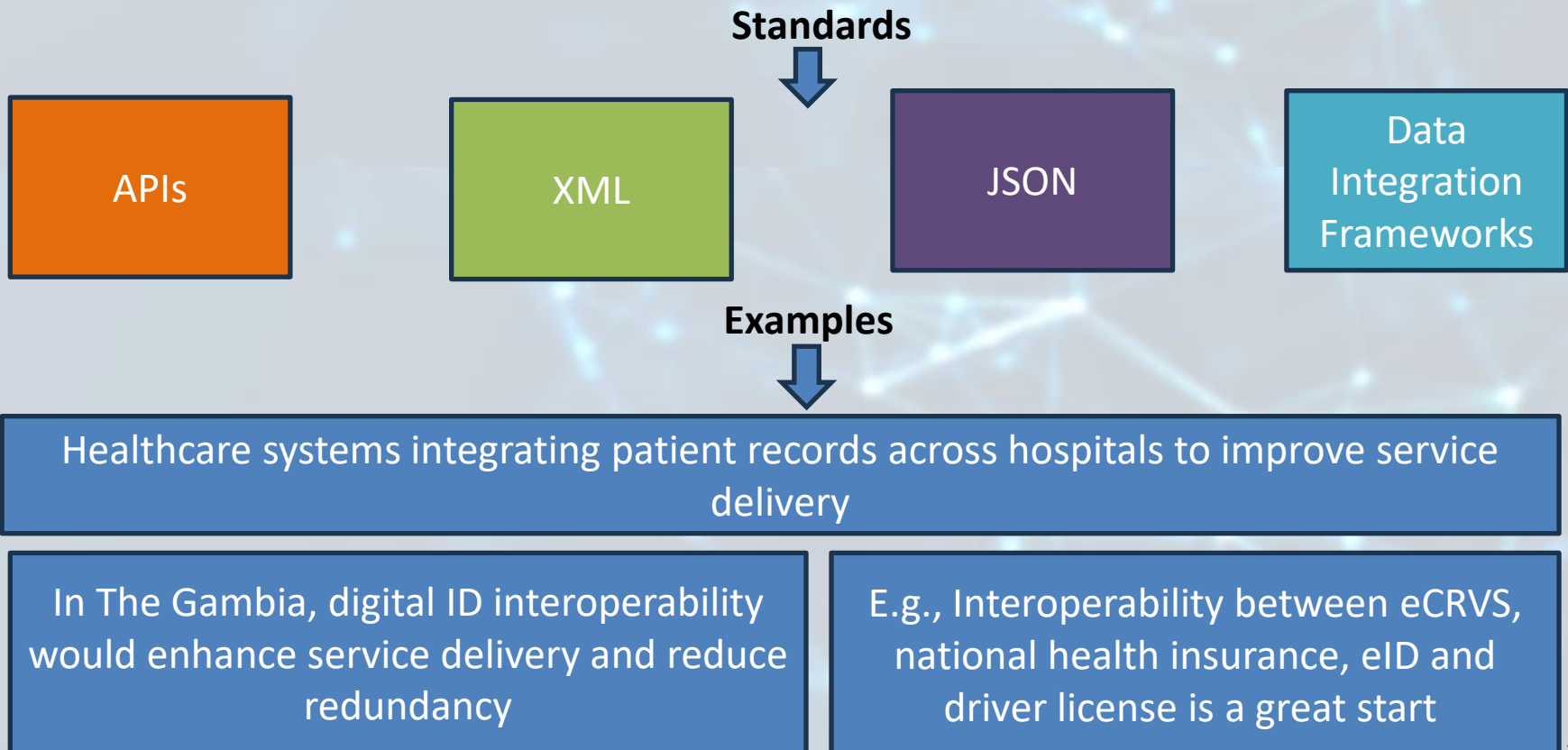
Practical application: Financial institutions implement cybersecurity frameworks to prevent fraud



In The Gambia, strengthening cybersecurity measures is necessary for government and business digitalization

Data Interoperability and Standards

Interoperability ensures seamless data exchange between systems and institutions



Open Data and Economic Growth

Open data initiatives drive innovation and transparency

Governments can provide datasets for businesses to create solutions e.g.

- weather
- transport
- financial services

Example: Open banking policies allowing fintech startups to innovate

In The Gambia, open data can support agriculture and trade efficiency

Implementation of the Gambia open data strategy

Data Governance for AI and Emerging Technologies



AI relies on structured, well-governed data to avoid bias and ensure fairness



Ethical AI requires clear guidelines on data usage, privacy, and decision-making



Example: AI-powered chatbots in customer service must be trained on high-quality, unbiased data

Data Sovereignty and National Digital Strategies



Data sovereignty refers to a nation's control over its data and infrastructure



Countries set data localization rules to protect sensitive information



In The Gambia, government digital transformation must prioritize data centers and local storage, and implementation of the Gambia cloud policy

Business Benefits of Strong Data Governance



Enhances efficiency by reducing data redundancy and errors



Strengthens compliance, reducing legal risks



Builds trust with customers and stakeholders through responsible data handling



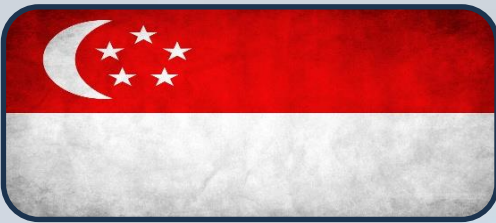
Example: E-commerce companies use strong governance to enhance fraud detection and secure transactions

Case Studies: Successful Data Governance Models



Estonia

Digital governance enables seamless e-Government services



Singapore

Data governance policies drive innovation in smart city development



Rwanda

Digital ID and open data initiatives improve service delivery and innovation

Challenges and Risks in Data Governance

Common challenges:

Poor
implementation

Lack of
awareness

Security
vulnerabilities

Risk mitigation:

Regular audits

Awareness
programs

Robust
enforcement
mechanisms

In The Gambia, capacity building and policy enforcement are key challenges

Policy Recommendations for The Gambia



Develop and enforce a national data governance framework



Establish public-private partnerships to drive data-driven innovation



Invest in digital infrastructure to support data localization and security



Strengthen legal frameworks for compliance and enforcement

Conclusion & Call to Action

Summary of the importance of data governance in digital transformation

Call for stakeholders to collaborate and for alignment in developing robust data policies

Next steps: Policy formulation, training programs, and implementation strategies



THANK YOU!